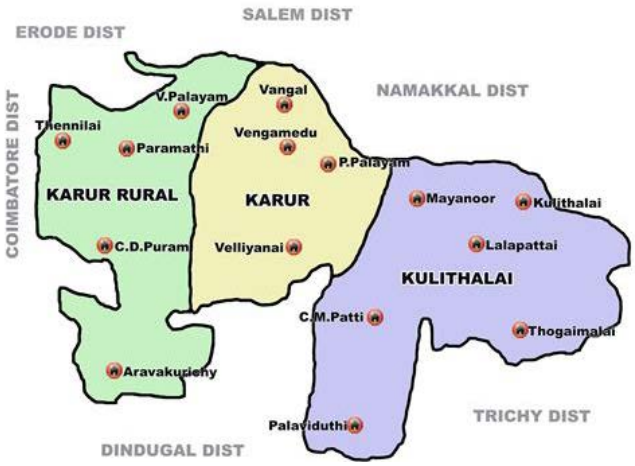
KARUR



District Collector: T.Anbalagan

REVENUE DIVISIONS:

✓ Karur

✓ Kulithalai

History

- Karur District has a very long history and has been sung by many poets of Sangam period.
- In history, it has been the battle ground of various Tamil Kings like Chera, Chola, Pandya and Pallavas because of its strategic location.
- The name Karur may have derived its name from Karuvoor Thevar, one of nine devotees who sung Thiruvichaippa, a divine music. He lived during the reign of the great Raja Raja Chola-I.
- The names of the early Chera kings, who ruled from Karur, have been found in the rock inscriptions in Aru Nattar Malai close to Karur.
- The Tamil Epic Silapathikaram mentions that the famous Chera King, Cheran Senguttuvan, ruled from Karur.
- Karur was ruled for a long time by Chola Kings, and the Naickers followed by Tippu Sultan also ruled Karur.
- The British added Karur to their possessions after destroying the Karur Fort during their war against Tippu Sultan in 1783.

Present Day

- Karur Taluk, which was once a part of Coimbatore district, was merged with Tiruchirappalli district during 1910.
- Karur came into existence as separate district on 25.07.1996
- It is bounded on the North by Namakkal, South by Dindugal, East by Tiruchirappalli and West by Erode districts.

Rivers

- Amaravathi River and Cauvery River

MAJOR INDUSTRIES

- Tamil Nadu News print & Paper Limited
- Chettinad Cement
- E.I.T.Perry Sugar Industry

TOURIST & WORSHIP PLACES

- Pasupatheeshwara Temple, Karur
- Kalyana venkatramana swami Temple, Thanthonimalai, Karur
- Mariyamman Temple, Karur
- Rathinakireeshwarar Tample – Ayyarmalai, Kulithalai
- Balathandayuthapani Temple – Vennamalai, Karur.
- Aar Nattanmalai – Velayuthampalayam, Karur.
- Kadambeshwarar Temple – Kulithalai.
- Ponnaniyar Dam – Kadavur.
- Mayanur Barrage – Mayanur.

TYPE OF INDUSTRIES

- Bus Body Building
- Mosquito Net
- Power Looms
- Spinning Mills
- Textile Export
- Cement Pipes
- Bricks production